

General Assembly

January Session, 2001

Raised Bill No. 6614

LCO No. 3196

Referred to Committee on General Law

Introduced by: (GL)

AN ACT PROTECTING CHILDREN FROM RECALLED TOYS AND OTHER DANGEROUS PRODUCTS IN THE RESALE MARKET.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (d) of section 21a-335 of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 3 (d) "Commerce" means any and all commerce within the state of
- 4 Connecticut pertaining to goods sold or resold or offered for sale or
- 5 resale and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, [;] and includes the
- 6 operation of any business or service establishment, but does not
- 7 include the occasional sale of personal items from or in proximity to a
- 8 person's home at a tag sale, garage sale or similar sale.
- 9 Sec. 2. Subsection (e) of section 21a-335 of the general statutes is
- 10 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 11 (e) "Hazardous substance" means: (1) (A) Any substance or mixture
- of substances [which] that (i) is toxic, (ii) is corrosive, (iii) is an irritant,
- 13 (iv) is a strong sensitizer, (v) is flammable or combustible, or (vi)
- 14 generates pressure through decomposition, heat or other means, if

such substance or mixture of substances may cause substantial personal injury or substantial illness during or as a proximate result of any customary or reasonably foreseeable handling or use, including reasonably foreseeable ingestion by children; (B) any substances [which] that the administrator by regulation finds meet the requirements of subdivision (1) (A) of this subsection pursuant to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of section 21a-336; (C) any substance classified as a hazardous substance when it was introduced into commerce pursuant to federal regulations adopted under the authority of the federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 USC 1261 et seq.); (D) any radioactive substance, if, with respect to such substance as used in a particular class of article or as packaged, the administrator determines by regulation that the substance is sufficiently hazardous to require labeling in accordance with this section and sections 21a-336 to 21a-346, inclusive, in order to protect the public health; (E) any toy or other article intended for use by children [which] that the administrator by regulation determines in accordance with subsection (a) or (b) of section 21a-336 presents an electrical, mechanical or thermal hazard; (2) "hazardous substance" shall not apply to economic poisons subject to the federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act or chapter 441 nor to foods, drugs and cosmetics subject to chapter 418, nor to substances intended for use as fuels when stored in containers and used in the heating, cooking or refrigeration system of a house, but such term shall apply to any article [which] that is not itself an economic poison within the meaning of the federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act or said chapter 441 but [which] that is a hazardous substance within the meaning of subdivision (1) of this subsection by reason of bearing or containing such an economic poison; (3) "hazardous substance" shall not include any source material, special nuclear material or by-product material as defined in the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and regulations issued pursuant thereto by the Atomic Energy Commission.

47 Sec. 3. Subsection (p) of section 21a-335 of the general statutes is 48 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

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(p) "Banned hazardous substance" means (A) any toy, or other article intended for use by children, [which] that is a hazardous substance, or [which] that bears or contains a hazardous substance in such manner as to be susceptible of access by a child to whom such toy or other article is entrusted, and that was introduced into commerce after promulgation of an applicable safety standard under authority of the federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 USC 1261 et seq.) or the federal Consumer Product Safety Act (15 USC 2051 et seq.); (B) any hazardous substance intended, or packaged in a form suitable, for use in a household, classified, pursuant to section 21a-336 or pursuant to federal regulations adopted under authority of the federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 USC 1261 et seq.), as a "banned hazardous substance" that, notwithstanding such cautionary labeling as is or may be required under this section and sections 21a-336 to 21a-346, inclusive, for that substance, the degree or nature of the hazard involved in the presence or use of such substance in households is such that the objective of the protection of the public health and safety can be adequately served only by keeping such substance, when so intended or packaged, out of the channels of commerce; provided the administrator, by regulations adopted in accordance with chapter 54, shall exempt from subparagraph (A) of this subdivision articles, such as chemical sets, [which] that by reason of their functional purpose require the inclusion of the hazardous substance involved or necessarily present in electrical, mechanical or thermal hazard and [which] that bear labeling giving adequate directions and warnings for safe use and are intended for use by children who have attained sufficient maturity, and may reasonably be expected, to read and heed such directions and warnings; (C) any new wood-burning stove, coalburning stove, solid fuel add-on units or combination of such stoves and units, [which] that is offered for sale or installed in any building, dwelling or structure in this state on or after July 1, 1985, and [which] that has not been tested in accordance with Underwriter's Laboratory Standard Number 1482; (D) any new unvented fuel-burning room heater offered for sale or use in any building, dwelling or structure in

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this state on or after July 1, 1985, [which] that has not been tested in accordance with Underwriter's Laboratory Standard Number 647 for unvented kerosene heaters and American National Standards Institute Standard Number Z21.11.2 for unvented gas heaters.

Sec. 4. Section 21a-337 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

The following acts and the causing thereof are prohibited: (1) The [introduction or delivery for introduction] delivery into commerce of any misbranded hazardous substance or banned hazardous substance; (2) the alteration, mutilation, destruction, obliteration or removal of the whole or any part of the label of, or the doing of any other act with respect to, a hazardous substance if such act is done while the substance is in commerce, or while the substance is held for sale, whether or not the first sale, after shipment in commerce, and results in the hazardous substance being a misbranded hazardous substance or a banned hazardous substance; (3) the receipt in commerce of any misbranded hazardous substance or banned hazardous substance and the delivery or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise; (4) the giving of a guarantee or undertaking referred to in subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 21a-338 which guarantee or undertaking is false, except by a person who relied upon a guarantee or undertaking to the same effect signed by, and containing the name and address of, the person residing in the United States from whom [he] such person received in good faith the hazardous substance; (5) the failure to permit entry or inspection as authorized by subsection (a) of section 21a-343 or to permit access to and copying of any record as authorized by section 21a-344; (6) the [introduction or delivery for introduction] <u>delivery</u> into commerce, or the receipt in commerce and subsequent delivery or proffered delivery for pay or otherwise, of a hazardous substance in a reused food, drug or cosmetic container or in a container [which] that, though not a reused container, is identifiable as a food, drug or cosmetic container by its labeling or by other identification. The reuse of a food, drug or cosmetic container as a

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116 container for a hazardous substance shall be deemed to be an act 117 [which] that results in the hazardous substance being a misbranded 118 hazardous substance. As used in this subdivision, the terms "food", 119 "drug" and "cosmetic" shall have the same meanings as in the 120 Connecticut Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act; (7) the use by any person to 121 [his] such person's own advantage, or revealing other than to the 122 administrator or officers or employees of the agency, or to the courts 123 when relevant in any judicial proceeding under sections 21a-335 to 124 21a-346, inclusive, of any information acquired under authority of 125 section 21a-343 concerning any method of process which as a trade 126 secret is entitled to protection; (8) the introduction or delivery for 127 introduction into commerce of any item containing asbestos [which] 128 that reasonably may be expected to be used in the construction or 129 repair of structures, without clearly indicating by labeling thereon that the item contains asbestos and that asbestos may cause cancer when 130 131 inhaled; (9) the alteration or removal of any item upon which the 132 commissioner or [his] the commissioner's authorized agent has placed 133 an embargo prior to the time the commissioner, such agent or a court 134 permits the alteration or removal of such item; (10) the introduction or 135 delivery for introduction into commerce, after December 31, 1992, of 136 any toy or other article for sale in this state and marketed for the use of 137 children between the ages of three and seven, or determined to be for 138 the use of children between the ages of three and seven by the federal 139 Consumer Product Safety Commission pursuant to 16 CFR Part 1500 et 140 seq., as published in the Code of Federal Regulations Revised to 141 January 1, 1991, and as from time to time amended, or the 142 Commissioner of Consumer Protection pursuant to sections 21a-335 to 143 21a-346, inclusive, [which] that would be classified as a banned 144 hazardous substance under 16 CFR Part 1501.4(b)(1) of said code and 145 does not bear a conspicuous warning label that clearly and specifically 146 communicates that the contents include small parts [which] that pose a 147 hazard for children under the age of three, except that any toy or other 148 article that contains, as of December 31, 1992, a safety warning label in 149 substantial compliance with the requirements of this subdivision shall 150 be determined by the commissioner to be in compliance with this 151 subdivision until October 1, 1993. As used in this subdivision, 152 "conspicuous" has the same meaning and characteristics regarding 153 type size as in 16 CFR Part 1500.121(c)(2) of said code; and (11) the 154 introduction or delivery for introduction into commerce, or the 155 distribution or sale, of a drying oil or drying oil product, manufactured 156 after December 31, 1994, [which] that does not bear a conspicuous 157 warning label on a side or back panel of such product stating: 158 "DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH 159 (INSERT PRODUCT NAME) MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE 160 IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER USE, PLACE 161 RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED 162 METAL CONTAINER." As used in this subdivision, "conspicuous" has 163 the same meaning and characteristics regarding type size as in 16 CFR 164 Part 1500.121 (c)(2) of said code.

GL Joint Favorable

JUD Joint Favorable